

Modelling prognostic cognitive declines due to

Alzheimer's disease

LIZ Y. LEE (SPEAKING) | TIMOTHY RITTMAN | ZOE KOURTZI | MICHAEL C. BURKHART | DELSHAD VAGHARI | MARCELLA MONTAGNESE | GUY WILLIAMS

Dementia Global Prevalence

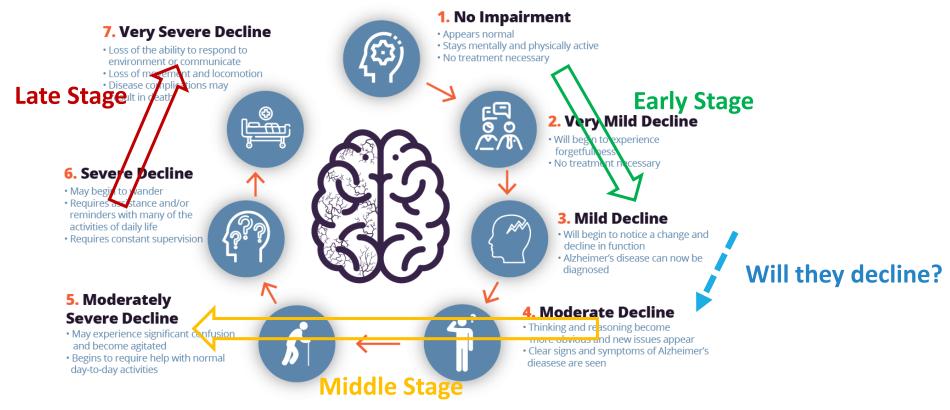
The number of people with dementia globally is estimated to be **55.2 million**.

Alzheimer's disease is the most common form and may contribute to 60-70% of cases.



Source: Global Dementia Observatory: World Health Organisation

Stages of Alzheimer's Disease (Global Deterioration Scale, GDS)



Source: Dr. Barry Reisberg of New York University

Alzheimer's Disease Neuroimaging Initiative

ADNILongitudinal
CN, MCI, AD

Baseline Syndromic Labels



> 3 yrs

Longitudinal Syndromic Labels



Stable MCI (sMCI, 196)

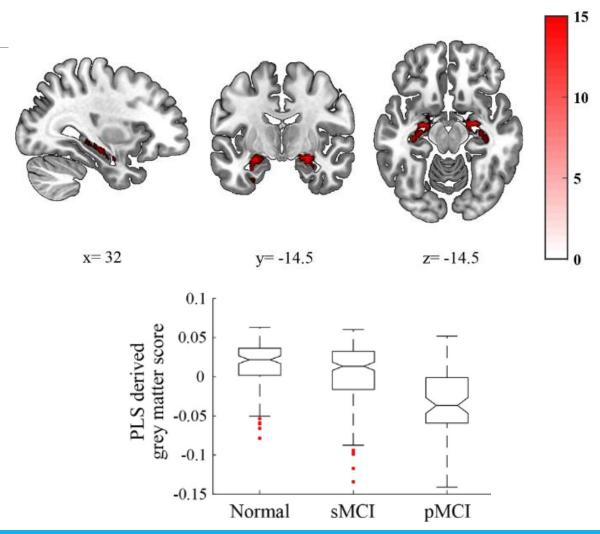
Progressive MCI (pMCI, 126)

Feature Selection

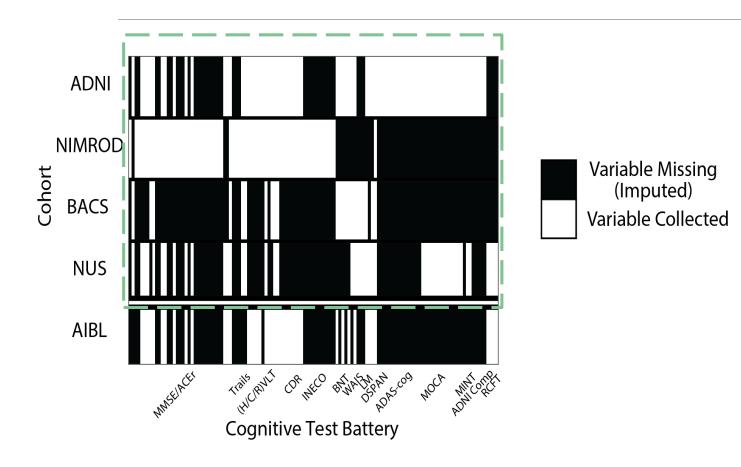
Eight baseline biological markers

- GM score (structural MRI)
- MMSE
- ACE-R total score
- ACE-R attention/orientation subscale
- ACE-R memory subscale
- ACE-R fluency subscale
- ACE-R language subscale
- ACE-R visual-spatial subscale

GM score: medial temporal grey matter density



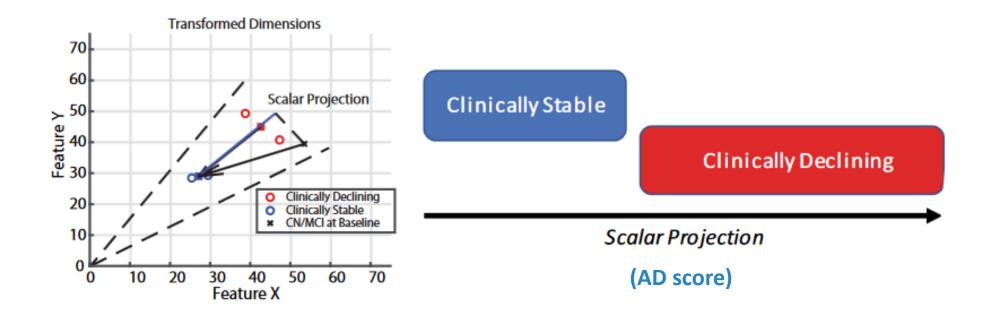
Cross-cohort cognitive data harmonisation



- Pool cognitive data from four international cohorts (CN, MCI, AD with 14,254 neuropsychological visits)
- Harmonise cognitive data with k-NN imputation
- K optimisation
- Validate in a fifth cohort (3920 neuropsychological visits)

Generalised Matrix Learning Vector Quantisation Scalar Projection (GMLVQ)

- GM score (structural MRI)
- Harmonised clinical scores



Model validation

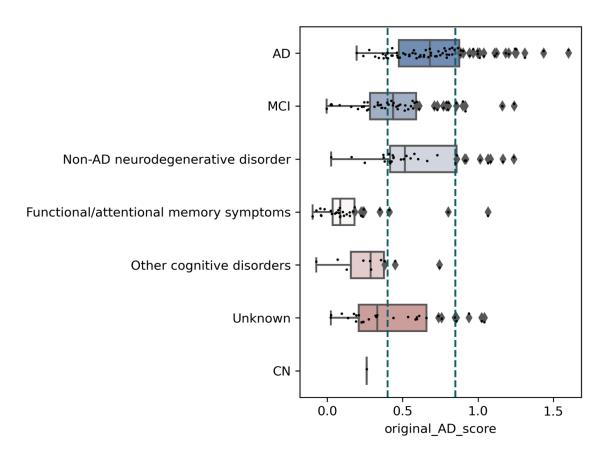
- Memory Clinic, Cambridge University Hospitals (QMIN-MC)
- Berkeley Ageing Cohort Study (BACS)
- Memory Clinic, National University of Singapore (NUS)

	QMIN-MC		NUS		BACS	
AD (119)	AD	72	AD	32		
			VAD	15		
MCI (145)	MCI	50	MCI moderate	42		
			MCI mild	53		
Control (337)	CN	1	NCI	27	CN (baseline)	185
Other (135)	Functional/attentional memory symptoms	30				
	Other cognitive disorders*	10	CNA			
	Unknown	29	GM score Data imput		tation	
	Non-AD neurodegenerative disorder**	30				

^{*}Other cognitive disorders: Depression, Anxiety, Stroke, Adjustment Disorder, etc.

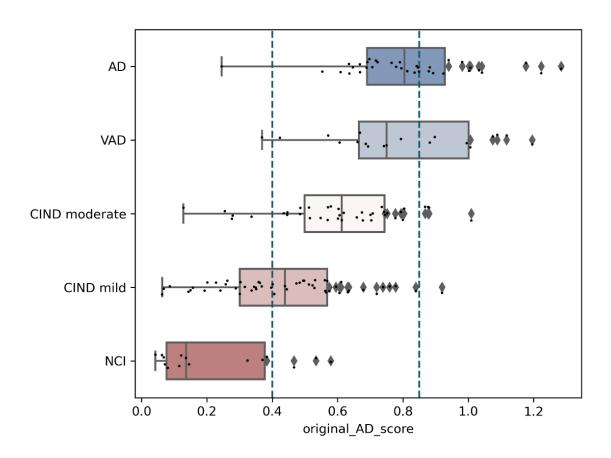
^{**}Non-AD neurodegenerative disorder: Dementia with Lewy Bodies, Parkinson's disease, Mixed dementia, etc.

Memory Clinic, Cambridge University Hospitals



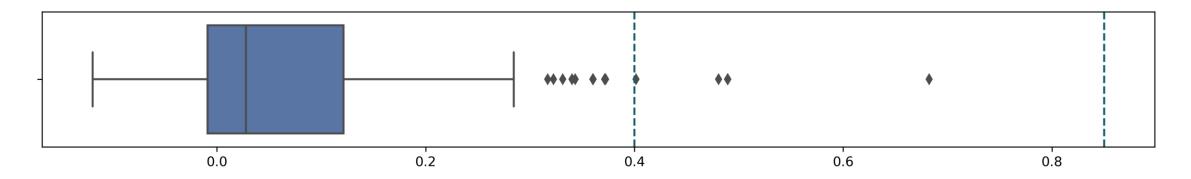
AD	72
MCI	50
Non-AD neurodegenerative disorder	30
Functional/attentional memory symptoms	30
Unknown	29
Other cognitive disorders	10
CN	1
TOTAL	222

Memory Clinic, National University of Singapore



AD	32
VAD	15
MCI_moderate	42
MCI mild	53
NCI	27
Total	169

Berkeley Ageing Cohort



(sample size = 185)

Next steps

- 1. Biomarkers from functional connectivity, microstructure, etc.
- 2. Model optimisation
- 3. Training on different groups
 - AD vs MCI
 - Dementia subtypes





Acknowledgement











